# SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the Hazardous Products Regulations

# Lambda-Cyhalothrin Formulation

| Version | Revision Date: | SDS Number: | Date of last issue: 09/18/2023 |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2.0 | 12/04/2024 | 11272815-00002 | Date of first issue: 09/18/2023 |

## SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Lambda-Cyhalothrin Formulation
Other means of identification : No data available

**Manufacturer or supplier's details**

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 37 McCarville Street
Charlottetown, PE C1E 2A7
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

**Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use**

Recommended use : Veterinary product
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

## SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations**

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 3

Eye irritation : Category 2B

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 1 (Nervous system)

**GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H320 Causes eye irritation.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H370 Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

Precautionary Statements :

**Prevention:**

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

**Response:**

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P304 + P340 + P311 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a doctor.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage:**

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

**Components**

| Chemical name | Common Name/Synonym | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Polyvinyl chloride | Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer | 9002-86-2 | 58.34 |
| lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO) | A mixture of: α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (Z)-(1R,3R)-[(S)-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-prop-1-enyl)]-2,2-dimethylcyclo-propanecarbox-ylate | 91465-08-6 | 10 |
| Titanium dioxide | Titanic anhy-dride | 13463-67-7 | 0.1 |

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.<br>Get medical attention.<br>Wash clothing before reuse.<br>Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. |
| In case of eye contact | : | In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.<br>If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.<br>Get medical attention. |
| If swallowed | : | If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.<br>Get medical attention.<br>Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.<br>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : | Harmful if swallowed.<br>Causes eye irritation.<br>Toxic if inhaled.<br>Causes damage to organs.<br>Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8). |
| Notes to physician | : | Treat symptomatically and supportively. |

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Water spray<br>Alcohol-resistant foam<br>Carbon dioxide (CO2)<br>Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | None known. |
| Specific hazards during fire fighting | : | Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. |
| Hazardous combustion products | : | Carbon oxides<br>Nitrogen oxides (NOx)<br>Chlorine compounds<br>Fluorine compounds |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.<br>Use water spray to cool unopened containers.<br>Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.<br>Evacuate area. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.<br>Use personal protective equipment. |

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Personal precautions, protec- | : | Use personal protective equipment. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| tive equipment and emergency procedures | | Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8). |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid release to the environment.<br>Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.<br>Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.<br>Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : | Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimize entry of the material into the air.<br>Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.<br>Soak up with inert absorbent material.<br>Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).<br>Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.<br>Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.<br>Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.<br>Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements. |

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Technical measures | : | Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.<br>Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation. |
| Advice on safe handling | : | Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.<br>Do not swallow.<br>Do not get in eyes.<br>Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.<br>Wash skin thoroughly after handling.<br>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment<br>Keep container tightly closed.<br>Minimize dust generation and accumulation.<br>Keep container closed when not in use.<br>Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.<br>Take precautionary measures against static discharges.<br>Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.<br>Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Keep in properly labeled containers.<br>Store locked up.<br>Keep tightly closed. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Materials to avoid | : | Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.<br>Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.<br>Do not store with the following product types:<br>Strong oxidizing agents<br>Self-reactive substances and mixtures<br>Organic peroxides<br>Explosives<br>Gases |

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Polyvinyl chloride | 9002-86-2 | TWA (Respirable) | 1 mg/m³ | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWA (Respirable particulate matter) | 1 mg/m³ | ACGIH |
| lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO) | 91465-08-6 | TWA | 5 µg/m3 (OEB 4) | Internal |
| | Further information: Skin | | | |
| | | Wipe limit | 50 µg/100 cm² | Internal |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | TWA | 10 mg/m³ | CA AB OEL |
| | | TWA (Total dust) | 10 mg/m³ | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWA (respirable dust fraction) | 3 mg/m³ | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWAEV (total dust) | 10 mg/m³ | CA QC OEL |
| | | TWA (Respirable particulate matter) | 2.5 mg/m³ (Titanium dioxide) | ACGIH |

**This substance(s) is not bioavailable and therefore does not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.**

Titanium dioxide

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Engineering measures** | : | The information below is intended for larger pilot/commercial-scale operations and manufacturing. For smaller scale, clinical, or pharmacy settings, site-specific internal risk assessment practices should be conducted to determine appropriate exposure control measures. The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on multiple factors, including but not limited to physical form and quantity handled. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation (e.g., Biosafety Cabinet, Ventilated Balance Enclosures), or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels as low as reasonably achievable.<br>Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds |

are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., vacuum conveying from a closed system, packout head with inflatable seal from stationary container, ventilated enclosure, etc.).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Essentially no open handling permitted.
Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.

**Personal protective equipment**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Respiratory protection | : | If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. |
| Filter type | : | Combined particulates and organic vapor type |
| Hand protection | | |
| Material | : | Chemical-resistant gloves |
| Remarks | : | Consider double gloving. |
| Eye protection | : | Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.<br>If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.<br>Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols. |
| Skin and body protection | : | Work uniform or laboratory coat.<br>Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.<br>Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.<br>When using do not eat, drink or smoke.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.<br>The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls. |

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Appearance | : | solid |
| Color | : | violet |
| Odor | : | characteristic |
| Odor Threshold | : | No data available |
| pH | : | No data available |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | No data available |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | No data available |
| Flash point | : | Not applicable |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not applicable |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. |
| Flammability (liquids) | : | Not applicable |
| Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit | : | No data available |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not applicable |
| Relative vapor density | : | Not applicable |
| Relative density | : | No data available |
| Density | : | No data available |
| Solubility(ies) | | |
| Water solubility | : | No data available |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | Not applicable |
| Autoignition temperature | : | No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | : | No data available |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : | Not applicable |
| Explosive properties | : | Not explosive |
| Oxidizing properties | : | The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing. |
| Molecular weight | : | No data available |
| Particle characteristics | | |
| Particle size | : | No data available |

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Reactivity | : | Not classified as a reactivity hazard. |
| Chemical stability | : | Stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. |

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Conditions to avoid | : | Heat, flames and sparks.<br>Avoid dust formation. |
| Incompatible materials | : | Oxidizing agents |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : | No hazardous decomposition products are known. |

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.
Toxic if inhaled.

**Product:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | Acute toxicity estimate: 560 mg/kg<br>Method: Calculation method |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | Acute toxicity estimate: 0.6 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 4 h<br>Test atmosphere: dust/mist<br>Method: Calculation method |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg<br>Method: Calculation method |

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): 56 - 79 mg/kg<br><br>LD50 (Mouse): 20 mg/kg |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | LC50 (Rat): 0.06 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 4 h<br>Test atmosphere: dust/mist |
| Acute dermal toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): 632 - 696 mg/kg |
| Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) | : | LD50 (Rat): 250 - 750 mg/kg<br>Application Route: Intraperitoneal |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Acute oral toxicity | : | LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : | LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 4 h<br>Test atmosphere: dust/mist |

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No skin irritation |

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes eye irritation.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | Mild eye irritation |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rabbit |
| Result | : | No eye irritation |

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Magnusson-Kligman-Test |
| Routes of exposure | : | Dermal |
| Species | : | Guinea pig |
| Result | : | Not a skin sensitizer. |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Test Type | : | Local lymph node assay (LLNA) |
| Routes of exposure | : | Skin contact |
| Species | : | Mouse |
| Result | : | negative |

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: Chromosomal aberration<br>Test system: Human lymphocytes<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay<br>Test system: rat hepatocytes<br>Result: negative<br><br>Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test<br>Test system: mouse lymphoma cells<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: Micronucleus test<br>Species: Mouse<br>Cell type: Bone marrow<br>Application Route: Intraperitoneal<br>Result: negative |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Genotoxicity in vitro | : | Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)<br>Result: negative |
| Genotoxicity in vivo | : | Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test<br>Species: Mouse<br>Result: negative |

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Mouse |
| Application Route | : | oral (feed) |
| Exposure time | : | 2 Years |
| Result | : | negative |
| Remarks | : | Based on data from similar materials |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | oral (feed) |
| Exposure time | : | 2 Years |
| Result | : | negative |
| Remarks | : | Based on data from similar materials |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| Application Route | : | inhalation (dust/mist/fume) |
| Exposure time | : | 2 Years |
| Method | : | OECD Test Guideline 453 |
| Result | : | positive |
| Remarks | : | The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.<br>This substance(s) is not bioavailable and therefore does not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard. |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Carcinogenicity - Assessment | : | Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals. |

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Effects on fertility | : | Test Type: Three-generation study<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: oral (feed)<br>General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight<br>General Toxicity F1: LOAEL: 6.7 mg/kg body weight<br>Symptoms: Reduced offspring weight gain.<br>Result: No effects on fertility.<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Effects on fetal development | : | Test Type: Development<br>Species: Rat<br>Application Route: Oral<br>General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight<br>Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight<br>Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials<br><br>Test Type: Development<br>Species: Rabbit<br>Application Route: Oral<br>General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight<br>Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight<br>Result: No effects on fetal development., Reduced maternal body weight gain., Reduced fetal weight.<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**STOT-single exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Nervous system).

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Target Organs | : | Nervous system |
| Assessment | : | Causes damage to organs. |

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 2.5 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 12.5 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | oral (feed) |
| Exposure time | : | 90 d |
| Symptoms | : | reduced body weight gain, reduced food consumption |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 10 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 50 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Dermal |
| Exposure time | : | 21 d |
| Target Organs | : | Nervous system |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 0.08 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 0.9 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Inhalation |
| Exposure time | : | 21 d |
| Target Organs | : | Nervous system |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Dog |
| NOAEL | : | 0.1 mg/kg |
| LOAEL | : | 0.5 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Oral |
| Exposure time | : | 1 y |
| Target Organs | : | Nervous system |
| Symptoms | : | Gastrointestinal disturbance, Vomiting, Convulsions, ataxia, Liver effects |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 24,000 mg/kg |
| Application Route | : | Ingestion |
| Exposure time | : | 28 Days |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Species | : | Rat |
| NOAEL | : | 10 mg/m³ |
| Application Route | : | inhalation (dust/mist/fume) |
| Exposure time | : | 2 y |

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Inhalation | : | Symptoms: Cough, Local irritation, sneezing |
| Skin contact | : | Symptoms: Skin irritation, tingling, superficial burning sensation, Local irritation<br>Remarks: Can be absorbed through skin. |
| Eye contact | : | Symptoms: Eye irritation |
| Ingestion | : | Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance |

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.00019 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials<br><br>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 0.00021 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00004 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000062 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 32 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 210<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | : | NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0035 µg/l<br>Exposure time: 21 d<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 211<br>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Titanium dioxide:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to fish | : | LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 96 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | : | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 48 h |
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | : | EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 72 h |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Toxicity to microorganisms | : | EC50: > 1,000 mg/l<br>Exposure time: 3 h<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 |

**Persistence and degradability**

No data available

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bioaccumulation | : | Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2,240<br>Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : | log Pow: 7.0 (20 °C) |

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Distribution among environmental compartments | : | log Koc: 5.5 |

**Other adverse effects**

No data available

## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Waste from residues | : | Do not dispose of waste into sewer.<br>Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. |
| Contaminated packaging | : | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.<br>If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. |

## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 2811 |
| Proper shipping name | : | TOXIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.<br>(lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)) |
| Class | : | 6.1 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 6.1 |
| Environmentally hazardous | : | yes |

**IATA-DGR**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN/ID No. | : | UN 2811 |
| Proper shipping name | : | Toxic solid, organic, n.o.s.<br>(lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)) |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Class | : | 6.1 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | Toxic |
| Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) | : | 677 |
| Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) | : | 670 |

**IMDG-Code**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 2811 |
| Proper shipping name | : | TOXIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)) |
| Class | : | 6.1 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 6.1 |
| EmS Code | : | F-A, S-A |
| Marine pollutant | : | yes |

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

**TDG**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| UN number | : | UN 2811 |
| Proper shipping name | : | TOXIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)) |
| Class | : | 6.1 |
| Packing group | : | III |
| Labels | : | 6.1 |
| ERG Code | : | 154 |
| Marine pollutant | : | yes(lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)) |
| Remarks | : | Display “inhalation hazard” mark on package in accordance with TDG 4.23. |

**Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AICS | : | not determined |
| DSL | : | not determined |
| IECSC | : | not determined |

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Full text of other abbreviations**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ACGIH | : | USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| CA AB OEL | : | Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL) |
| CA BC OEL | : | Canada. British Columbia OEL |
| CA QC OEL | : | Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants |
| ACGIH / TWA | : | 8-hour, time-weighted average |
| CA AB OEL / TWA | : | 8-hour Occupational exposure limit |
| CA BC OEL / TWA | : | 8-hour time weighted average |
| CA QC OEL / TWAEV | : | Time-weighted average exposure value |

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet | : | Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ |
| Revision Date | : | 12/04/2024 |
| Date format | : | mm/dd/yyyy |

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be

considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8